

7D5N **EXOTIC NEPAL**

1 Way Domestic Flight KATHMANDU, NAGARKOT, POKHARA







SCHEDULE

D1

KUALA LUMPUR – KATHMANDU (4H40M) – NAGARKOT (24KM, 1H) (MOB

Upon arrival and check in hotel

D2

NAGARKOT – POKHARA

(B/L/D)

View sunrise over Himalaya

D3

POKHARA

(B/L/D)

- World Peace Stupa (View From Lake Side)
- Boat Ride at Phewa Lake (Ticket Included)
- Davi's Fall (Entrance Included)
- Tibetan Refugee Camp (Visit)
- Gupteshwor Mahadev Cave (Entrance Included)
- Bindhyabasini Temple (Visit)

Recommended Optional: Mountain Flight (USD240/pax) – subject to change

D4

POKHARA – KATHMANDU (BY FLIGHT) (30M)

(B/L/D)

- Sarangkot Hill view sunrise over Himalaya (Walking Orientation)
- Kathmandu Durbar Square (Entrance Included)
- Kasthamandap (Walking Orientation)
- Hanuman Dhoka (Photo Stop)
- Swayambhunath Stupa (Entrance Included)

D5

KATHMANDU

(B/L/D)

- Pashupatinath Temple (Entrance Included)
- Boudhanath Stupa (Entrance Included)
- Thamel Street (Free & Easy)
- Nepalese Cultural Show

D6

KATHMANDU- KUALA LUMPUR (4H40M) (B/L/D/MOB)

- Patan Durbar Square (Entrance Included)
- Krishna Temple (Walking Orientation)
- Golden Temple (Walking Orientation)

D7

ARRIVE KUALA LUMPUR











HERITAGE

HISTORICAL

CULTURE

SCENIC

LEISURE

KATHMANDU

- Patan Durbar Square is situated at the centre of the city of Lalitpur in Nepal. It is one of the three Durbar Squares in the Kathmandu Valley, all of which are UNESCO World Heritage Sites. One of its attraction is the ancient royal palace where the Malla Kings of Lalitpur resided. The Durbar Square is a marvel of Newar architecture.
- Krishna Temple The most spectacular temple is the Krishna Mandir ('mandir' in Nepali means 'temple'). There are two Krishna Mandirs in the Durbar Square, both carved out of stone and the one known as Chyasim Deval is the unceremonious one, while all religious rites and festivities take place in the more popular Krishna Mandir that lies opposite the Patan Museum. King Siddhinarasimha Malla built this temple in 1636 AD. King Yoganarendra Malla's daughter, Yogamati, built the other Krishna Mandir or Chyasim Deval in Patan in 1723 AD.
- Kathmandu Durbar Square in front of the old royal palace
 of the former Kathmandu Kingdom is one of three Durbar (royal
 palace) Squares in the Kathmandu Valley in Nepal, all of which are
 UNESCO World Heritage Sites.
- Hanuman Dhoka is a complex of structures with the Royal Palace of the Malla kings and also of the Shah dynasty in the Durbar Square of central Kathmandu, Nepal. It is spread over five acres. The Hanuman Dhoka Palace gets its name from the stone image of Hanuman, the Hindu monkey god, that sits near the main entryway. 'Dhoka' means door or gate in Nepali.
- Swayambhunath is an ancient religious architecture atop a hill in the Kathmandu Valley, west of Kathmandu city. The Tibetan name for the site means 'Sublime Trees' for the many varieties of trees found on the hill. The complex consists of a stupa, a variety of shrines and temples, some dating back to the Licchavi period. The stupa has Buddha's eyes and eyebrows painted on. Between them, the number one (in Devanagari script) is painted in the fashion of a nose. There are also shops, restaurants and hostels. Much of Swayambhunath's iconography comes from the Vajrayana tradition of Newar Buddhism. The complex is also an important site for Buddhists of many schools, and is also revered by Hindus.
- Pashupatinath Temple is a famous, sacred Hindu temple dedicated to Pashupatinath and is located in the capital of Nepal. This temple is considered one of the sacred temples of Hindu faith. This temple complex is on UNESCO World Heritage Sites list since 1979.
- Boudhanath is a stupa in Kathmandu, Nepal. The Buddhist stupa of Boudhanath dominates the skyline; it is one of the largest stupas in the world. As of 1979, Boudhanath is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Along with Swayambhu, it is one of the most popular tourist sites in the Kathmandu area.





- Kathmandu Durbar Square and Patan Durbar Square are UNESCO World Heritage Sites
- Enjoy the Panaromic view of Himalaya Sunrise
- ✓ Davi's Falls which means "Underworld Waterfall"
- ✓ Swaymbhunath as a Hallmark of Faith and Harmony for Centuries
- ✓ Boudhanath Stupa is a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- ✓ Thamel Street A Haven for Tourists Visiting the City
- 1 Way Domestic Flight from Pokhara to Kathmandu



3+4 🌟 HOTEL (5 NIGHTS)

✓ Nagarkot✓ Pokhara✓ KathmanduX 1 NightX 2 Nights



- ✓ 5 Breakfast / 5 Lunch / 5 Dinner
- ✓ Local Food



■ Thamel Street - is a commercial neighbourhood in Kathmandu, the capital of Nepal. Thamel has been the centre of the tourist industry in Kathmandu for over four decades, starting from the hippie days when many artists came to Nepal and spent weeks in Thamel. Even though Thamel has been referred to as a "ghetto" by some, many low-budget travellers consider it a hot-spot for tourism.

NAGARKOT

• Himalayas - Nagarkot is 32 km NE of Kathmandu on the northern fringe of the Kathmandu Valley. Nagarkot is famous for its Himalayan views- the Himalayan peaks at sunrise are a magnificent sight to behold. Nagarkot is surrounded by thickly forested hills of pine trees which give you an idyllic scene.

POKHARA

- Phewa Lake Phewa Tal or Fewa Lake is a freshwater lake in Nepal located in the south of the Pokhara Valley. It is the second largest lake in Nepal the largest in Gandaki Zone. It is the most popular and most visited lake of Nepal. It is the only one lake of Nepal which has temple at the centre part of lake, Natively called Tal Barahi Temple.
- Davi's Falls Davi's Falls or Devi's Falls is a waterfall located at Pokhara in Kaski District, Nepal. The water forms an underground tunnel after reaching the bottom. This tunnel is approximately 500 feet (150 m) long and runs 100 feet (30 m) below ground level. Thousands of Nepalis visit for recreation and enjoyment. Visitors can try their luck on the luck pond constructed there by throwing and placing the coin on the statue of God.
- Gupteshwor Mahadev Cave After exiting the Davi's Falls tunnel, the water passes through a cave called Gupteshwor Mahadev or "cave beneath the ground". The Phewa Lake dam is the water source. It is an attraction for tourists and locals.





Disclaimer: Due to Covid-19 travel restrictions, local / religious festivals, public holidays, weather condition, transport technical issue, acts of nature, Golden Destinations reserved the right to alter the sequence or change, amend or alter the itinerary if necessary, with or without prior notice. **Remark:** There will be no refund or replacement if the tour logistic affected by the above issue. All pictures are for illustration purpose only

General Information

NEPAL



Currency	Nepalese Rupee (NPR)	Credit Card Call credit card centre to extend your credit card limit * Credit Card are used widely in Nepal
Exchange Rate	USD 1 : NPR 130 NPR 100 : RM 3.30	Dial Code Nepal : + 977
Voltage	230 Volts, 50 Hz	Power Socket Type C (2-pin) Type M (3-pin) Type D (3-pin) *Please bring a universal electric plug adapter*
Time Different	Approximately 2hrs 15 minutes behind Malaysia time	Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.
Weather	Spring Summer Mar - May Jun - Aug 16°C - 23°C 23°C - 25°C	Autumn Winter Sep - Nov Dec - Feb 15°C - 24°C 9°C - 12°C
Aircraft Type	Malindo	Malaysia Airline
Departure Date: Tour Fare: Tipping:		Flight: Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge: Agent Collection Fee:
Visa:		Travel Insurance: TOTAL:



Travel Agent: