

10D7N SOUTHERN ITALY ~THE LAND OF GOD FATHER

AMALFI COAST, CAPRI ISLAND, PALERMO, AGRIGENTO, TAORMINA, ALBEROBELLA, MATERA, SORRENTO, POMPEII, NASPLES, ROME







SCHEDULE



POME – SORRENTO (265KM 3H30M) (MOB/D)

SORRENTO – AMALFI COAST (by hydrofoil) – CAPRI ISLAND – NAPLES – PALERMO & (Overnight Ferry from Naples to Palermo) (BI-ID)

- Cathedral of St. Andrew (Entrance Included)
- Marina Grande (Walking Orientation)
- Blue Grotto (Sightseeing by small boat)
 Subject to Weather and Sea Level Condition, It will be replaced by Captivating views of Anacapri
- Piazza Umberto I (Walking Orientation)
- Augustus Garden (Walking Orientation)
- Belveders of Tragara (Walking Orientation)

PALERMO – AGRIGENTO (128KM 2H10M) (B/-/D)

- Norman Palace and Palatine Chapel (Entrance Included)
- Palermo Cathedral (Visit)
- Quattro Canti (Walking Orientation)
- The Fountain of Shame (The Fontana Pretoria) (Photo Stop)
- Palermo Food Markets(Walking Orientation)
- Teatro Massimol (Photo Stop)
- Valley of the Temples (Entrance Included)
 - Temple of Concordia
- Temple of Juno Lacinia
- Climb the Scala dei Turchi (Stairs of the Turks) (Visit)
- **AGRIGENTO TAORMINA** (218KM 2H45M) (B/-/D)
 - Greek Theatre of Taormina (Entrance Included)
 - Piazza IX Aprile (Walking Orientation)
 - Corso Umberto (Walking Orientation)
 - Duomo di Taormina (Walking Orientation)
- D6 TAORMINA ALBEROBELLO (464KM 6H) (B/-/D)
 - Trulli of Alberobello (Walking Orientation)
 - Casa D" Amore (Walking Orientation)
 - Sant Antonio Church (Photo Stop)
- ALBEROBELLO MATERA
 (68KM 1H) SORRENTO
 (245KM 3H30M) (B/-/D)
 - Sassi Di Matera (Walking Orientation)
 - Piazzetta Pascoli (Photo Stop)
 - Sorrento Old Town (Walking Orientation)
 - Sorrento Cathedral (Photo Stop)
 - Piazza Tasso (Walking Orientation)
 - The Historic Centre (Walking Orientation)
 - Sedil Dominova (Visit)













HERITAGE HISTORICAL F

FAMILY

SCENIC

LEISURE

SHOPPING

AMALFI

Amalfi Coast – the town that gives its name to the coast, earning it nick name "Divine Coast", one of the most popular destinations of the world's jet set. A t the center of the main square there is the beautiful Cathedral of St. Andrew, with its impressive staircase, the bell-tower in Arab-Norman style and the charming Cloister of Paradise.

CAPRI ISLAND

● Blue Grotto – Hop on Board the Hydrofoil to Isle of Capri. Visit the most famous sight on Capri, Blue Grotto. Entrance to Blue Grotto is only possible travelling by wooden rowboat and enjoy a picturesque ride. With aquamarine water of the ocean, the island's dramatic coastline and the rugged landscapes plunging into the sparkling water, the view when on the boat is truly mesmerizing.(Blue Grotto visit also subject to weather, the sea level condition and winter season from Nov to Dec. Alternative, it will be replaced to enjoy the captivating views of Anacapri)

PALERMO

 Norman Palace & Palatine Chapel – the former seat of the kings of Sicily, is the oldest royal residence in Europe. Its greatest attraction is the Palatine Chapel, where every detail reveals the perfect union among different styles: Byzantine, Norman and Arab elements.

AGRIGENTO

- Valley of the Temples The Greek temples, symbols of the city of Agrigento for centuries, is the most important vestige of ancient classical culture in Sicily. The Valley includes remains of seven temples, UNESCO recognized the Doric temple complex as one of the main examples of Greek art and culture, and also listed the Valley of the Temples in Agrigento as a World Heritage Site in 1997.
- The Stair of the Turks is a wonderful cliff overlooking the Strait of Sicily. It is a wall of calcareous marl which is blinding white in color, and composed of limestone and clay. Created over the centuries through the continuous movement of water and wind, it slowly took the shape of an enormous staircase thus called the 'Scala dei Turchi'.

TAORMINA

Corso Umberto – is Taormina's main street, begins at Piazza IX Aprile and then
crosses the town before ending at Porta Catania. The entire street, with its squares
and terraces, shops and open-air cafés seems made for sauntering and stopping
to savor the views of Mt. Etna and the sea.

ALBEROBELLO

Trulli of Alberobello – is a town that is famous for her distinctive and evocative
local architecture, characterised by the presence of trulli. A kind of traditional
limestone building from the area that features cone-shaped or domed roofs that
are made of corbelled slabs of stone, has been designated as a UNESCO World
Heritage site since 1996.

MATERA

Sassi di Matera – are two districts of the Italian city of Matera, Basilicata, well-known for their ancient cave dwellings inhabited since the Paleolithic period. Along with the park of the Rupestrian Churches, it was named a World Heritage Site by UNESCO in 1993.



D8

SORRENTO – POMPEII (27KM 1H) – NAPLES (26KM 30M) – ROME (227KM 2H30M)

- Ruin of Pompeii (Visit) The Forum of Pompeii (Visit)
- Pompeii Ancient Street (Walking Orientation)
- Mount Vesuvius (View)
- Castel Nuovo (Entrance Included)
- Piazza del Plebiscito (Walking Orientation)
- Royal Palace (Walking Orientation)
- Basilica San Francesco di Paola (Walking Orientation)

ROME → KUALA LUMPUR (16H++)(B/MOB)

- McArthurGlen Castleromano Designer Outlet (Shopping)
- Colosseum (Photo Stop)
- Arch of Constantine (Photo Stop)
- Roman Forum (Walking Orientation)
- Trevi Fountain (Walking Orientation)
- Spanish Steps (Walking Orientation)

D10

ARRIVE KUALA LUMPUR

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- Amalfi Coast is the Hidden Gems along the Coastline, a UNESCO World Heritage
- Blue Grotto is Capri's Most Fascinating Natural Wonders, Known as One of the Seven Wonders of
- Marina Grande, is the Historic Picturesque Fishing Village and the Island's Biggest Beach
- Norman Palace & Palatine Chapel, One of the UNESCO World Heritage Site
- Palermo Cathedral is the Largest Norman Cathedral in Sicily, a UNESCO World Heritage Site
- The Magnificent Fountain of Shame, the Sculptures are Nude and It has a very Interesting
- The Valley of the Temples is World Famous for its Imposing Doric Temples
- Explore The Stair of the Turks, the Natural Beauty White Cliff on the Sea of Sicily
- The Greek Theatre of Taormina is the Second Largest Theater of Sicily, after the One in Syracuse
- Explore Two of Most Famous Trulli, Casa Damore" and the "Siamese Trullo"
- Matera, Italy's Magical City of Stone, the Wonderful UNESCO World Heritage Site
- Sorrento Historic Centre, a Maze of Cobblestone Streets Lined with the Ancient Monasteries and Centuries-Old Palaces
- Pompeii, The Lost City is One of the Most Well-Preserved Archaeological Sites in the World
- The Historic Centre of Naples, One of the UNESCO as a World Heritage Site
- Castel Nuovo, the Most Scenic and Recognizable Architectural Landmarks in Naples
- Enjoy Shopping at McArthurGlen Castelromano

SORRENTO

Sorrento Cathedral - is a Roman Catholic cathedral dedicated to the Saints Phillip and James. It is said to be risen on the ruins of an ancient Temple dedicated to Jupiter. One of the curiosities of the church surrounds its Bell Tower.

POMPEII

- Pompeii was an ancient city located near the city of Naples in the Campania region of Italy. When Mount Vesuvius erupted in AD 79, this city was buried under 4 to 6 meters of pumice and volcanic ash. This allowed the buildings and monuments of the city to be preserved to a great extent and gave a peek into Roman life. Pompeii is also a UNESCO World Heritage Site and a popular tourist spot in Italy.
- The Forum of Pompeii located at the heart of Pompeii, is the center of religious, cultural and political life of the ancient Pompeii.
- Mount Vesuvius is the only active volcano on mainland Europe. It is best known because of the eruption in A.D. 79 that destroyed the cities of Pompeii, and Herculaneum.

NAPLES

- Castel Nuovo better known as Maschio Angioino, is a medieval and Renaissance castle built at the behest of Charles I of Anjou in 1266, after defeating the Swabians, ascending the throne of Sicily and moving the capital from Palermo to Naples. In the 15th century, the castle was extensively renovated to its present form after it was conquested by the king of Aragon. The castle houses the Civic Museum and the library of the Neapolitan Society of Homeland History.
- Piazza del Plebiscito It was named after the referendum that pulled Naples into the unification of Italy in 1860. The bold square stands as a symbol of a rejuvenated Naples, reinvented to crown its historic landmarks. The four buildings that surround the Piazza del Plebiscito include the Royal Palace, the Basilica of St. Francis of Paola, and the Prefecture and the Palace of Salerno, two symmetrical buildings that bring harmony to the place.



✓ Sorrento

Overnight Ferry from

(From Naples to Palermo)

- x 2 Nights x 1 Night
- ✓ Taormina
- Alberobello Rome
- x 1 Night x 1 Night

x 1 Night

Seafood Risotto

- Agrigento
- x 1 Night





- 7 Breakfast / 1 Lunch/ 7 Dinner
- Hot Buffet Breakfast
- Mix Western Meals & Chinese Meals



General Information

ITALY



Currency	Euro: (EUR)	Credit Card Call credit card centre to extend your credit card limit * Credit Card are used widely in Italy
Exchange Rate	EUR 1:RM 4.90	Dial Code Italy : +39
Voltage	230Volts, 50Hz	Power Socket Type C (2-pin) Type F (2-pin) Type L (3-pin) *Please bring a universal electric plug adapter*
Time Different	(Apr – Sep) –Approximately 6 Hours Behind Malaysia Time (Oct – Mar)- Approximately 7 Hours Behind Malaysia Time	Luggage Allowance Each individual are entitled to check in 1 luggage of not more than 20kgs and a hand carry bag not more than 7kgs.
Weather	Spring Summer Autumn Winter Mar - May Jun - Aug Sep - Nov Dec - Feb 10°C - 25°C 20°C - 38°C 8°C - 20°C -5°C - 12°C	
Aircraft Type	Company Company	
	A330	Boeing 777 Boeing 787
Departure Date:		Flight:
Tour Fare:		Airport Tax & Fuel Surcharge:
Tipping:	Agent Collection Fee:	
Visa:		Travel Insurance:
		TOTAL:
	Travel Agent:	



Travel Agent:

BHD